



What we'll cover

- Basics of SFIA
 - Receive SFIA training badge
- Practical uses of SFIA
 - Own development
 - Team development and capability
 - Organisational level
- Further resources

Learning Objectives (Foundation Training):

- Describe the underlying idea of SFIA what it is, what it is not
- Describe the structure of the SFIA framework including the categories and subcategories
- Identify how SFIA might be applied within a given context







Digital Skills Agency

Consultancy arm of **Digital Skills Agency**

Leading SFIA Consultants

Managing Director - SFIA Council Member, Global Design Authority Member

NZ based, global experience

Services include Consultancy, Training, Recruitment, Support

Provide the **SFIA NZ** community resource

Clients across government, health, education, and industry











Today's facilitators



Mary-Anne Merriott Director & Principal Consultant Chartered Member of CIPD, HRNZ, AHRI, RCSA SFIA 'People and Skills' contributor SFIA Accredited Consultant



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Meet Tara

Tara's priorities:

- Own development in new role
- Hire replacement
- Support team development
- Understand team strengths and challenges
- Plan capability
- Identify best ROI
- Establish positive team culture, leadership, development

NB: Both Tara and Hollyford Technologies are fictional examples, although based on real scenarios



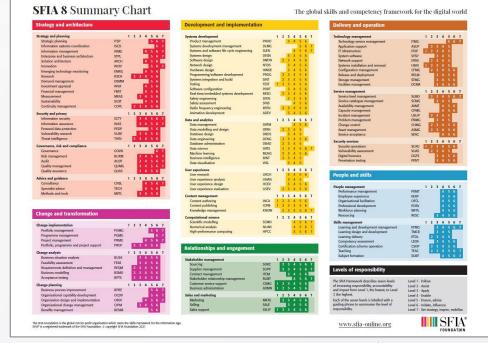
About SFIA



About SFIA

- "Skills Framework for the Information Age"
- A common language for skills in the digital world
- Common reference model









Example content

Project management PRMG

SFIA 8

Change and transformation

Change implementation

Skill Overview

Skill Levels (4-7)

Additional Notes

Skill description

Delivering agreed outcomes from projects using appropriate management techniques, collaboration, leadership and governance.



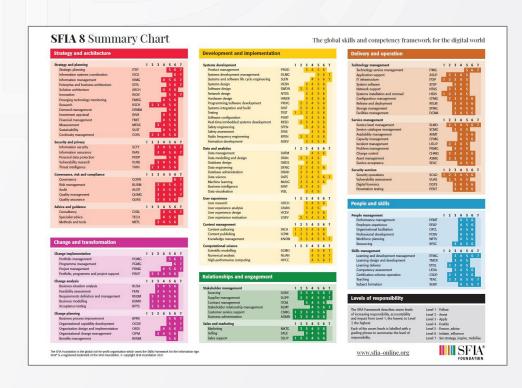


How SFIA is designed

SFIA is universally applicable

Design principles:

- Straightforward
- Universally applicable
- Flexible re structures and jobs
- Essence of skills
- Independent of technology/methodology
- Built and updated by real practitioners

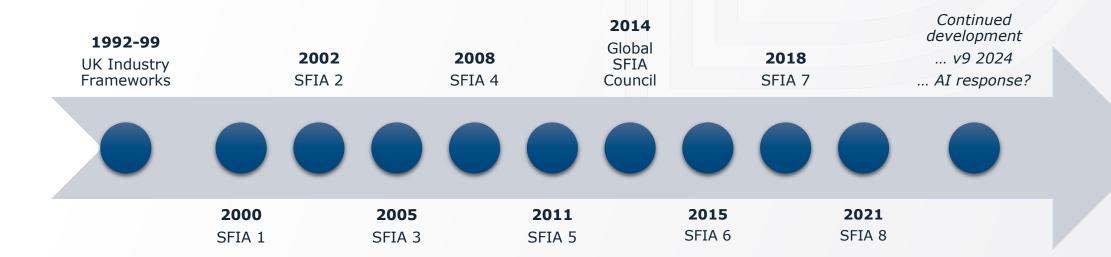






Regularly updated

As digital skills evolve over time, so does SFIA







Origins of SFIA

Launched in 2000

Owned by global user community

Collaborative development

Proven sustainability

Built by real practitioners

Neutral approach





Structure of SFIA

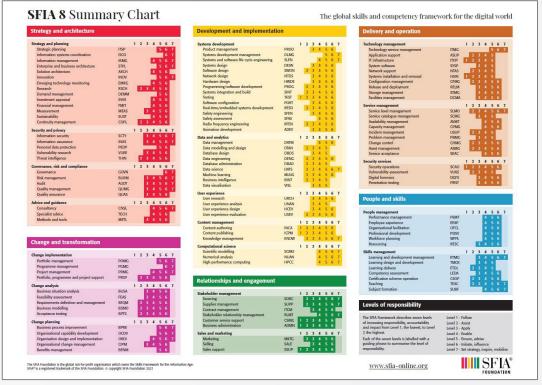
The basics



Framework concept

- 6 categories > 121 skills > each described at up to 7 levels
 - 495 skill-level descriptions









7 levels of responsibility > 5 characteristics / attributes of generic responsibility, each described at 7 levels

The 5 characteristics/attributes:

- Describe behavioural factors
- Are generic in nature so they can be mapped to an organisation's structure, existing capability frameworks, and ways of working

Set strategy, inspire, mobilise
Initiate/influence
Ensure/advise
Enable
Apply
Assist
Follow

	Autonomy	Works under close direction. Uses little discretion in attending to enquiries. Is expected to seek guidance in unexpected situations.
	Influence	Minimal influence. May work alone or interact with immediate colleagues.
	Complexity	Performs routine activities in a structured environment. Requires assistance in resolving unexpected problems. Participates in the generation of new ideas.
	Business skills	Has sufficient oral and written communication skills for effective engagement with immediate colleagues. Uses basic systems and tools, applications and processes. Demonstrates an organised approach to work. Has basic digital skills to learn
1 Follow		and use applications and tools for their role. Learning and professional development — contributes to identifying own development opportunities. Security, privacy and ethics — understands and complies with organisational standards.
Level 1	Knowledge	Has a basic generic knowledge appropriate to area of work. Applies newly acquired knowledge to develop new skills.
		acquired intowicage to develop flew sixilis.





7 levels of responsibility > 5 characteristics / attributes of generic responsibility, each described at 7 levels

Sets & authorises strategy ... Level 7 Set strategy, inspire, mobilise **Mobilises and inspires organisation Initiates** and leads strategic delivery Level 6 Initiate, influence **Influences** strategy formation **Ensures** operational accountability **Ensure**, advise Level 5 **Advises** decision makers Level 4 **Enable Enables** team/business outcomes Level 3 **Applies** knowledge Apply Level 2 Assist **Assists** others Level 1 **Follow Follows** detailed instructions





7 levels of responsibility > 5 characteristics / attributes of generic responsibility, each described at 7 levels

Level 7	Set strategy, inspire, mobilise	Chief X Officer
Level 6	Initiate, influence	Director
Level 5	Ensure, advise	Manager / Domain Expert
Level 4	Enable	Functional Senior / Lead
Level 3	Apply	Practitioner / Technician
Level 2	Assist	Graduate / Support
Level 1	Follow	Entry Level / Automated?





Autonomy

Works under general direction. Receives specific direction, accepts guidance and has work reviewed at agreed milestones. Uses discretion in identifying and responding to complex issues related to own assignments. Determines when issues should be escalated to a higher level. Plans and monitors own work (and that of others where applicable) competently within limited deadlines.

Influence

Interacts with and influences colleagues. May oversee others or make decisions which impact routine work assigned to individuals or stages of projects. Has working level contact with customers, suppliers and partners. Understands and collaborates on the analysis of user/customer needs and represents this in their work. Contributes fully to the work of teams by appreciating how own role relates to other roles.

Complexity

Performs a range of work, sometimes complex and non-routine, in a variety of environments. Applies a methodical approach to routine and moderately complex issue definition and resolution. Applies and contributes to creative thinking or finds new ways to complete tasks.

Business skills

Demonstrates effective oral and written communication skills when engaging on issues with colleagues, users/customers, suppliers and partners.

Understands and effectively applies appropriate methods, tools, applications and processes.

Demonstrates judgement and a systematic approach to work.

Effectively applies digital skills and explores these capabilities for their role.

Learning and professional development — takes the initiative to develop own knowledge and skills by identifying and negotiating appropriate development opportunities.

Security, privacy and ethics — demonstrates appropriate working practices and knowledge in non-routine work. Appreciates how own role and others support appropriate working practices.

Level 3

Knowledge

Has sound generic, domain and specialist knowledge necessary to perform effectively in the organisation typically gained from recognised bodies of knowledge and organisational information. Has an appreciation of the wider business context. Demonstrates effective application and the ability to impart knowledge found in industry bodies of knowledge. Absorbs new information and applies it effectively.





SFIA structure

Generic

definition of a

level

Skill name

Skill code

Overall description of skill

Guidance notes

Skill-level description

Application Support ASUP

Delivering management, technical and administrative services to support and maintain live applications.

Guidance notes

Activities may include but are not limited to:

- investigating and resolving issues
- implementing working practices to support iterative/agile development...

Autonomy

Influence

Complexity

Business skills

Knowledge

Works under general direction. Receives specific direction, accepts guidance and has work reviewed at agreed ...

Interacts with and influences colleagues. May oversee others or make decisions which impact routine work assigned to ...

Performs a range of work, sometimes complex and non-routine, in a variety of environments. Applies a methodical approach ...

Demonstrates effective oral and written communication skills when engaging on issues with colleagues, users/customers ...

Has sound generic, domain and specialist knowledge necessary to perform effectively in the organisation typically gained ...

Follows agreed procedures to identify and resolve issues with applications.

Uses application management software and tools to collect agreed performance statistics.

Carries out agreed applications maintenance tasks.





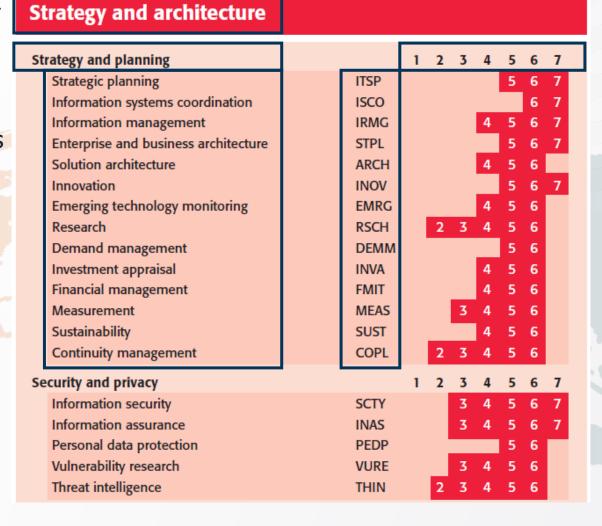
SFIA category structure

Skill category

Sub-category

Skill names

Skill codes



Responsibility levels





SFIA category | Strategy and architecture

Enterprise and business architecture STPL Solution architecture Innovation INOV Emerging technology monitoring Research Demand management Investment appraisal Investment appraisal Investment appraisal Financial management Measurement Sustainability Continuity management Information security STPL 5 6 ARCH 4 5 6 EMRG FMRG FMRG FMRG INVA 4 5 6 SUST 4 5 6 COPL 2 3 4 5 6 SECURITY and privacy 1 2 3 4 5 6	Strategy and planning		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Information management Enterprise and business architecture STPL Solution architecture ARCH Innovation INOV Emerging technology monitoring Research Demand management Investment appraisal Investment appraisal Investment Financial management Measurement Sustainability Continuity management Information security Information assurance Personal data protection IRMG 4 5 6 5 6 Emerging technology monitoring EMRG RSCH 2 3 4 5 6 INVA 4 5 6 FMIT 4 5 6 SUST COPL 2 3 4 5 6 FMIT 4 5 6 SUST COPL 3 4 5 6 FMIT 4 5 6 FMIT A 5 6 SUST COPL SUST SUST COPL SUST COPL SUST SUST	Strategic planning	ITSP					5	6	7
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Innovation INOV 5 6 Emerging technology monitoring EMRG 4 5 6 Research RSCH 2 3 4 5 6 Demand management DEMM 5 6 Investment appraisal INVA 4 5 6 Financial management FMIT 4 5 6 Measurement MEAS 3 4 5 6 Sustainability SUST 4 5 6 Continuity management COPL 2 3 4 5 6 Information security SCTY 3 4 5 6 Information assurance INAS 5 6 Personal data protection PEDP 5 6	Enterprise and business architecture	STPL					5	6	7
Emerging technology monitoring Research RSCH RSCH Demand management RSCH RSCH RSCH RSCH RSCH RSCH RSCH RSCH	Solution architecture	ARCH				4	5	6	
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Personal data protection PEDP 5 6	Information security	SCTY			3	4	5	6	-
	Information assurance	INAS			3	4	5	6	
Vulnerability research VURE 3 4 5 6	Personal data protection	PEDP					5	6	
	Vulnerability research	VURE			3	4	5	6	

Subcategories:

Strategy and planning
Security and privacy
Governance, risk and compliance
Advice and guidance

- Architects
- Strategic planners
- Security advisory/policy (e.g. CISO)
- Leaders responsible for policy & governance
- Departmental planning / management
- Expert advisors





SFIA category | Change and transformation

Change and transformation								
Change implementation		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Portfolio management	POMG					5	6	7
Programme management	PGMG						6	7
Project management	PRMG				4	5	6	7
Portfolio, programme and project support	PROF		2	3	4	5	6	Γ
Change analysis		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Business situation analysis	BUSA			3	4	5	6	
Feasibility assessment	FEAS			3	4	5	6	
Requirements definition and management	REQM		2	3	4	5	6	
Business modelling	BSMO		2	3	4	5	6	
Acceptance testing	BPTS		2	3	4	5	6	
Change planning		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Business process improvement	BPRE					5	6	7
Organisational capability development	OCDV					5	6	7
Organisation design and implementation	ORDI				4	5	6	7
Organisational change management	CIPM			3	4	5	6	
Benefits management	BENM					5	6	

Subcategories:

Change implementation
Change analysis
Change planning

- Project managers
- Business analysts
- Change leaders





SFIA category | Development and implementation

Development and implementation

stems development		1	2	3	4	5	6	
Product management	PROD	۰	-	3	4	5	6	ď
Systems development management	DLMG			_		5	6	-
Systems and software life cycle engineering	SLFN				4	5	6	
Systems design	DESN			3	4	5	6	
Software design	SWDN		2	3	4	5	6	
Network design	NTDS			3	4	5	6	
Hardware design	HWDE			3	4	5	6	
Programming/software development	PROG		2	3	4	5	6	
Systems integration and build	SINT		2	3	4	5	6	
Testing	TEST	1	2	3	4	5	6	
Software configuration	PORT			3	4	5	6	
Real-time/embedded systems development	RESD		2	3	4	5	6	
Safety engineering	SFEN			3	4	5	6	
Safety assessment	SFAS				4	5	6	
Radio frequency engineering	RFEN		2	3	4	5	6	
Animation development	ADEV			3	4	5	6	
ta and analytics		1	2	3	4	5	6	
Data management	DATM				4	5	6	
Data modelling and design	DTAN		2	3	4	5		
Database design	DBDS			3	4	5		
Data engineering	DENG		2	3	4	5	6	
Database administration	DBAD		2	3	4	5		
Data science	DATS		2	3	4	5	6	
Machine learning	MLNG		2	3	4	5	6	
Business intelligence	BINT		2	3	4	5		
Data visualisation	VISL			3	4	5		

Subcategories:

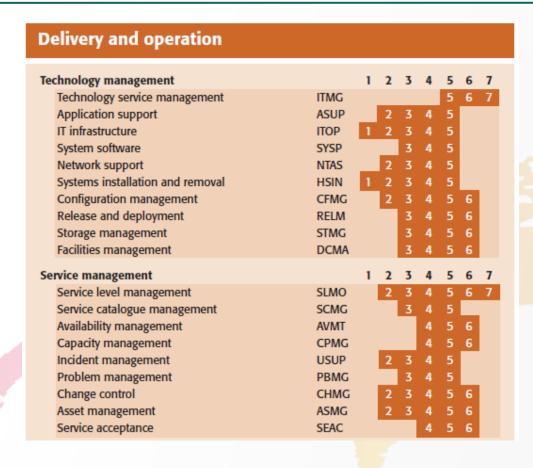
Systems development
Data and analytics
User experience
Content management
Computational science

- Designers
- Developers
- Testers
- User experience / accessibility
- Data engineers and data scientists
- Knowledge managers
- Content publishers





SFIA category | Delivery and operation



Subcategories:

Technology management Service management Security services

- IT operations
- IT service quality / service improvement
- Security operations





SFIA category | People and skills

People and skills								
People management		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Performance management	PEMT				4	5	6	
Employee experience	EEXP				4	5	6	
Organisational facilitation	OFCL				4	5	6	
Professional development	PDSV				4	5	6	
Workforce planning	WFPL				4	5	6	
Resourcing	RESC			3	4	5	6	
Skills management		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Learning and development management	ETMG			3	4	5	6	7
Learning design and development	TMCR			3	4	5		
Learning delivery	ETDL		2	3	4	5		
Competency assessment	LEDA			3	4	5	6	
Certification scheme operation	CSOP		2	3	4	5	6	
Teaching	TEAC		2	3	4	5	6	7
Subject formation	SUBF				4	5	6	7

Subcategories:

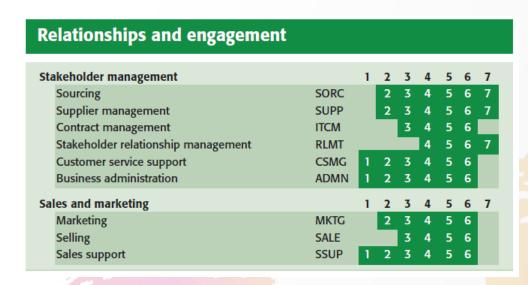
People management Skills management

- People leaders
- Scrum masters / agile coaches
- HR + L&D
- Educators + Trainers





SFIA category | Relationships and engagement



Subcategories:

Stakeholder management Sales and marketing

- Procurement and vendor management
- Business partner / relationship manager
- Customer service
- Team/personal/exec assistants
- Sales & marketing + technical pre-sales





Questions



Managing Digital Capability

Why use SFIA?



Why SFIA is important

- Skills and experience have become a critical aspect for organisations with a dependency on Information & Communications Technology
- Most organisations don't know the current skills of their Digital, Cybersecurity and ICT Workforce, or what they need short, medium or long term
- Without this, there is significant risk of:
 - visible business disruption
 - cybersecurity breach
 - digital transformation and project failure
 - compromised ability to deliver products and services to customers at agreed levels
 - poor employee engagement, recruitment and retention
 - ineffective training and development



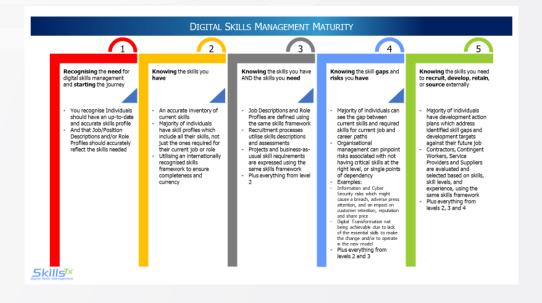


How SFIA works

SFIA provides a consistent skills & competencies framework for organisations to:



- 1. Identify the skills they currently have
- 2. Identify the skills they **need now** and **in the future**
- 3. Perform a **Skill Gap Analysis** to close gaps
- 4. Create Career Development Action Plans







Why use SFIA?

What skills do you have?

To align remuneration coherently to the individual's competence and contribution.

To build capability in line with the organisation's needs, based on SFIA's statements of competence.

To assess performance against business objectives with reference to SFIA skills.

plan and organise nesign roles and structure Source Lecturities light skills Qenard Conduct workforce planning Complete resource strategy & skills management Build capability and performance IIIII SFIA Provide career pathways Develop The common language integrating these processes Assess skills and performance identify gaps and opportunities

What skills do you need?

To set recruitment criteria that enables the attraction & selection of the RIGHT candidates.

To clearly & transparently **describe the capability** being sought or provided.

To reduce project risks by assigning the right skilled people based on actual capability.

AOTEAROA

To measure current capability and plan for future demand.



Who uses SFIA?



Individual roles within organisations

Individuals Assess skills & competencies

Career planning

Professional Development

Skills profiles / CV

Line People management Resource deployment

Capability overview & demand

planning

Job descriptions

Recruiters Job specification

Interview questions

Competency based selection

criteria & assessment

Consultants Alignin

Aligning operating models & process

roles with required capabilities

Role design & validation

Assessing organisational skill gaps

Organisational Leaders Strategic capability planning

Aligning capability & strategic plans

Digital transformation Mergers / acquisitions





Who uses SFIA?



Teams within organisations

Human Resources

Creating role profiles and job descriptions
Workforce planning, talent management
Career pathways, succession planning
Organisational performance, pathways

Learning & Development

Development outcomes
Blending learning solutions
70/20/10 development
Creating learning catalogues &
curriculum

Procurement

Comparing service providers
Selection & management of
outsourced & managed service
providers
SFIA based rate cards





Who uses SFIA?



External organisations

Professional & Industry Bodies

Alignment to bodies of knowledge

Membership / certification assessments

Professional development Mentoring programmes

Education Sector

Align courses to employer / employee needs

Alignment to global standards

Support development evaluations





Myth Busters!

- No roles or jobs in SFIA
 - just definitions of skills at various levels (which you can use to build role profiles and job descriptions)
- Categories and sub-categories
 - do not equate to jobs, roles, organisational teams, or areas of personal responsibility
 - have no definitions are just a navigation aid
- Jobs/Roles often comprise skills taken from multiple categories
- SFIA isn't a methodology
 - SFIA simply provides standard descriptions in a framework structure you can use it in lots of different ways
 - SFIA gives you some common ways in which SFIA is used, but it's not prescriptive





Questions



Case Study: Tara

How can SFIA help her?



Remember Tara...

Tara's priorities:

- Own development in new role
- Hire replacement
- Support team development
- Understand team strengths and challenges
- Plan capability
- Identify best ROI
- Establish positive team culture, leadership, development



NB: Both Tara and Hollyford Technologies are fictional examples, although based on real scenarios



Helping Tara – own development

- Focusing on her own development:
 - Redrafting her position description
 - what skills do I need?
 - Skills assessment
 - what skills do I have?
 - Skills gap analysis
 - Action plan





New job skills needs

Job Description – Head of Project Delivery

Job Purpose:

To lead the project delivery function at Hollyford Technologies.

SFIA Skills:

- Portfolio Management (POMG) level 6
- Project Management (PRMG) level 6
- Governance (GOVN) level 6
- Benefits Management (BENM) level 6
- Consultancy level 5
- Performance Management (PEMT) level 5
- Portfolio, Programme And Project Support (PROF) level 5

Levels of Responsibility:

- Autonomy 6
- Influence 6
- Complexity 6
- Business Skills 6

<u> Tara – SFIA Skills Profile</u>							
SFIA Skills Levels of Responsibility							
Organisational Change Management	CIPM 6	Autonomy 6					
Project Management	PRMG 6	Influence 6					
Stakeholder Relationship Management	RLMT 6	Complexity 5					
Consultancy	CNSL 5	Business Skills 5					
Benefits Management	BENM 5	Knowledge 5					
Organisational Facilitation	OFCL 5						
Portfolio, Programme and Project Support	PROF 4						
Business Situation Analysis	BUSA 4						





Skills gap analysis

Head of Project Delivery Role	Tara's Profile	Difference
Portfolio management (POMG) 6	n/a	+2 (skill starts at level 5)
Project Management (PRMG) 6	PRMG 6	-
Governance (GOVN) 6	n/a	+1 (skill starts at level 6)
Benefits Management (BENM) 6	BENM 5	+1
Consultancy 5	n/a	
Performance Management (PEMT) 5	n/a	+2 (skill starts at level 4)
Portfolio, Programme And Project Support (PROF) 5	PROF 4	+1
Autonomy 6	Autonomy 6	-
Influence 6	Influence 6	-
Complexity 6	Complexity 5	+1
Business Skills 6	Business Skills 5	+1
Knowledge 6	Knowledge 5	+1





Development planning

Skills I Have	Skills I Need	Actions	Next Steps
Portfolio Management (POMG)	n/a – new skill	What resources do I have access to	- Specific step I will take
level 6 Governance (GOVN)	+2 skill levels to increase n/a – new skill	What training is available at the right level	- Timescale - Accountability action
level 6 Performance Management (PEMT)	+1 skill level to increase n/a – new skill	How can I get practical experience at the level I need	
level 5 Benefits Management (BENM)	+2 skill levels to increase BENM 5	Who can support, mentor or coach me	
level 6 Portfolio, Programme And Project Support (PROF) level 5	+1 skill level to increase PROF 4 +1 skill level to increase		
Complexity level 6	Complexity 5 +1 level of responsibility to increase		
Business Skills level 6	Business Skills 5 +1 level of responsibility to increase		
Knowledge level 6	Knowledge 5 +1 level of responsibility to increase		

AOTEAROA



Helping Tara - supporting her team

- Hiring her replacement
 - Job design
 - Position description
 - Hiring criteria
 - Interview questions
 - Using SFIA levels/language







Helping Tara - supporting her team

Job Description – Project Manager

Job Purpose:

To successfully manage digital projects from start to finish.

SFIA Skills:

- Consultancy (CNSL) level 5
- Project Management (PRMG) level 5
- Stakeholder Relationship Management (RLMT) level 5
- Organisational Change Management (CIPM) level 5
- Benefits Management (BENM) level 5

Levels of Responsibility:

- Autonomy 5
- Influence 5
- Complexity 5
- Business Skills 5
- Knowledge 5

Hiring Criteria:

Essential:

- PRMG 5
- CNSL 5
- RLMT 5
- All Levels of Responsibility at 4+

Desirable:

- CIPM 5
- BENM 5
- Levels of Responsibility at 5





Helping Tara - supporting her team

- Individual development plans
- Career pathways

Team	Position	SFIA Skill Code and Level						
	Team Coordinator	ADMN 3	CSMG 3	METL 3			PROF 3	
	Business Analyst	BPRE 5	BUSA 4	RLMT 5	DTAN 4			
Project	Senior Business Analyst	BPRE 5	BUSA 5	RLMT 5	DTAN 5			
Delivery	Project Manager	CNSL 4	PRMG 5	RLMT 5	CIPM 5	BENM 5		
	Senior Project Manager	CNSL 5	PRMG 6	RLMT 5	CIPM 6	BENM 5		
	Head of Project Delivery	CNSL 5	PRMG 6	GOVN 6	PEMT 5	BENM 6	PROF 5	POMG 6





Helping Tara – team capability

Current team capability – heat map

Team	Position	SFIA Skill Code and Level						
	Team Coordinator	ADMN 3	CSMG 3	METL 3			PROF 3	
	Business Analyst	BPRE 5	BUSA 4	RLMT 5	DTAN 4			
Project	Senior Business Analyst	BPRE 5	BUSA 5	RLMT 5	DTAN 5			
Delivery	Project Manager	CNSL 4	PRMG 5	RLMT 5	CIPM 5	BENM 5		
	Senior Project Manager	CNSL 5	PRMG 6	RLMT 5	CIPM 6	BENM 5		
	Head of Project Delivery	CNSL 5	PRMG 6	GOVN 6	PEMT 5	BENM 6	PROF 5	POMG 6





Helping Tara's manager

Organisational capability - heat map

Team	Position	SFIA Skill Code and Level						
	Team Coordinator	ADMN 3	CSMG 3	METL 3			PROF 3	
	Business Analyst	BPRE 5	BUSA 4	RLMT 5	DTAN 4			
Project Delivery	Senior Business Analyst	BPRE 5	BUSA 5	RLMT 5	DTAN 5			
Project Delivery	Project Manager	CNSL 4	PRMG 5	RLMT 5	CIPM 5	BENM 5		
	Senior Project Manager	CNSL 5	PRMG 6	RLMT 5	CIPM 6	BENM 5		
	Head of Project Delivery	CNSL 5	PRMG 6	GOVN 6	PEMT 5	BENM 6	PROF 5	POMG 6
	Systems Analyst	SLEN 4	DESN 4	PROG 4				
	Senior Systems Analyst	SLEN 5	DESN 5	PROG 4	STPL 5			
Solution Development	Software Developer	PORT 4	TECH 5	PROG 4	TEST 4			
and Implementation	Senior Software Developer	DLMG 5	TECH 5	PROG 5	PORT 5			
	Tester	TEST 3	USEV 3	HSIN 3	PORT 3			
	Test Manager	TEST 5	METL 4	HSIN 4	PORT 4			
Architecture	Infrastructure Engineer	CNSL 4	TECH 5	EMRG 4	HSIN 4			
	Solutions Architect	CNSL 5	TECH 5	EMRG 5	ARCH 5			
	Architecture Manager	CNSL 5	TECH 5	EMRG 5	ARCH 6	PEMT 5		



Questions



SFIA Ecosystem

SFIA Foundation and the global ecosystem



SFIA Foundation

SFIA is "owned" by the non-for-profit SFIA Foundation

Global collaborative development of industry / business / users

- Updates come from real users of SFIA
- Overseen by Global Design Authority Board

Vendor, framework, sector, and tool agnostic

Global governance – SFIA Foundation Board and SFIA Council

- Professional bodies e.g. ITP, BCS, ...
- Industry bodies e.g. itSMF, ISACA, ...
- Leading Accredited partners e.g. Digital Skills Agency, SkillsTX, ...
- Government, education, and other representatives of major user groups





SFIA ecosystem









SFIA Foundation

Foundation Board SFIA Operations Team SFIA Council Global Design Authority Board

Membership includes partners, major users, professional bodies, industry groups, government

Key roles:
Governance
Operational management
Strategic input
Project resources
... more as requested

SFIA Partners

Consulting Partners
Training Providers
Accreditation Partners

Other Partners: Mapping, Rate Cards

Partners include commercial and noncommercial partners, in addition to education, professional bodies, and government groups

SFIA Users

Accredited Individuals:

- SFIA Practitioners
- SFIA Consultants
- SFIA Assessors
- SFIA Trainers

Non Accredited:

- Organisational users and their staff
- Individual professionals
- Members of professional bodies





SFIA Licencing



SFIA Licencing

SFIA remains free of charge for most non-commercial use

Important: you need a licence to use SFIA

NZ has an all-of-country licence!

- Countries with whole of country licence include:
 - New Zealand
 - Australia
- The scope of the licence is:
 - All SFIA use by individuals within the country for their own skills and competency development
 - All SFIA use by public sector entities within the country
 - All SFIA use by private sector entities wholly-owned within the country and whose principal place of business is within the country





SFIA licensing schedule

Category	Offering	Free	Charge
SFIA Licensing	Professional Individual	✓	
	Corporate User		
	"Extended" Corporate User		✓
Consultants & Partners	Services (consulting, training, assessments, etc)		✓
	Products/software		✓
Mapping	Mapping (certifications, educational materials, etc)		✓
Rate Card	Personnel/resources based on SFIA competency		✓
Evaluation	For evaluation (6 months with limited rights)	✓	

As SFIA is a not-for-profit, licence fees help cover costs, including costs for version updates. For further information, visit https://sfia-online.org/





What's Next?

Starting your own SFIA journey



Next actions

- Learn more about SFIA
 - SFIA Foundation website
 - Accredited Practitioner training to go deeper
- Complete feedback form
 - Receive your digital badge
- Email info@digitalskillsageny.nz
 - · Access to free self-assessment online
 - Receive Accredited Practitioner online training special
 - Exclusively for Techweek attendees
- Talk to the Digital Skills Agency
 - info@digitalskillsagency.nz







SFIA Resources

- SFIA Foundation Website: <u>sfia-online.org</u>
 - Official & definitive source of materials
 - SFIA views of job types
 - SFIA mappings to industry frameworks
 - Accredited Partners and specialists
 - Key reference documents
 - About SFIA (pdf)
 - SFIA Reference Guide (pdf)
 - Summary Chart (A3)
 - Framework Content (Excel)
- SFIA NZ Website: sfia.nz





More SFIA at Techweek

- Additional session on Thursday 18 May:
 - Lifting Digital Skills and Capability with SFIA
- Deep dive session on Wednesday 17 May:
 - Building and Retaining Talent with SFIA
- Online special
 - Accredited Practitioner training
 - Go deeper into using SFIA





